

Roll No.			
Candidate Name			
Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1	
Test Date	:	19 Sep 2025	
Test Time and Shift	:	09:00 AM (Shift-1)	
Centre Name	:		

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered



PART-A (General Intelligence and Reasoning)

Q.No: 1 Select the letter-cluster from among the given options that can replace the question mark (?) in the following series.
C F J, H K O, M P T, ?



	दिए गए विकल्पों में से उस अक्षर-समूह का चयन करें जो निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में प्रश्न चिह्न (?) के स्थान पर आ सकता है। CFJ, HKO, MPT, ?
	RAS
	RAS
	RYS
	RYS
	TSG
	TSG
	RUY
	RUY

Q.No: 2 Choose the address that is the same as the one given below.

S-50, Gokul Dham, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Rajasthan - 302006

वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो।

S-50, Gokul Dham, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Rajasthan - 302006

S-50, Gokul Dham, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Haryana - 302006

S-50, Gokul Dham, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Haryana - 302006

S-50, Gokul Dham, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Madhya Pradesh - 302006

S-50, Gokul Dham, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Madhya Pradesh - 302006

S-50, Gokul Dham, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Gujarat - 302006

S-50, Gokul Dham, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Gujarat - 302006

S-50, Gokul Dham, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Rajasthan - 302006

S-50, Gokul Dham, Ajmer Road, Jaipur, Rajasthan - 302006



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Q.No: 3	Choose the address that is the same as the one given below. Sample Address: 27, White Orchid Complex, S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054 वह पता चुनें जो नीचे दिए गए पते के समान हो। Sample Address: 27, White Orchid Complex, S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054
	27, White Orchid Complex, S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054
	27, White Orchid Complex, S.G. Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054
	27 White Orchid Complex, SG Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054
	27 White Orchid Complex, SG Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054
	27, White Orchid Complex, SG. Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054
	27, White Orchid Complex, SG. Highway, Ahmedabad, Gujarat - 380054
	27, White Orchid Complex, S.G Highway, Ahmadabad, Gujarat - 380054
	27, White Orchid Complex, S.G Highway, Ahmadabad, Gujarat - 380054

Q.No: 4	Consider the following statement and choose the option that follows. Statement: A large number of city dwellers are subscribing to organic vegetable delivery services. Conclusion I. People are becoming more health conscious. Conclusion II. Supermarkets are no longer preferred. निम्नलिखित कथन पर विचार कीजिए और उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्प का चयन कीजिए। कथन: शहर में रहने वाले लोगों की बड़ी आबादी जैविक सब्जी वितरण सेवाओं की सदस्यता ले रहे हैं। निष्कर्ष I. लोग स्वास्थ्य के प्रति अधिक जागरूक हो रहे हैं। निष्कर्ष II. सुपरमार्केट अब पसंद नहीं किए जाते हैं।
	Only I follows
	केवल I अनुसरण करता है
	Only II follows

	केवल II अनुसरण करता है
	Both follows
	दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither follows
	कोई भी अनुसरण नहीं करता है

Q.No: 5 Consider the following statement and choose the option that follows.

Statements:

I. The government launched a financial literacy mission.

II. Many citizens remain unaware of basic banking facilities.

निम्नलिखित कथन पर विचार कीजिए और उसके बाद दिए गए विकल्प का चयन कीजिए।

कथन:

I. सरकार ने एक वित्तीय साक्षरता मिशन शुरू किया।

II. कई नागरिक बुनियादी बैंकिंग सुविधाओं से अनभिज्ञ हैं।

I is the cause and II is the effect.

I कारण है और II प्रभाव है।

II is the cause and I is the effect.

II कारण है और I प्रभाव है।

Both are effects of the same cause.

दोनों एक ही कारण के प्रभाव हैं।

No relation.

इनमें कोई संबंध नहीं है

Q.No: 6 Find out the WRONG number in the given series.

336, 246, 166, 94, 36, -14

दी गई श्रृंखला में गलत संख्या :



94	94
166	166
246	246
36	36
36	36
Not Answered	

Q.No: 7 Read the given statement and conclusions carefully. Decide which of the given conclusions is/are definitely TRUE from the statement.

Statement: $P > Q < S \leq T = R \geq U > V$

Conclusion I: $Q < R$

Conclusion II: $U > T$

दिए गए कथन और निष्कर्षों को ध्यान से पढ़ें। निर्णय लें कि दिए गए निष्कर्षों में से कौन सा/से निष्कर्ष कथन से निश्चित रूप से सत्य है/हैं।

कथन: $P > Q < S \leq T = R \geq U > V$

निष्कर्ष I: $Q < R$

निष्कर्ष II: $U > T$

Only Conclusion I is True.

केवल निष्कर्ष I सत्य है।

Only Conclusion II is True.

केवल निष्कर्ष II सत्य है।

Both Conclusion I and Conclusion II are True.

निष्कर्ष I और निष्कर्ष II दोनों सत्य हैं।

Both Conclusion I and Conclusion II are False.

निष्कर्ष I और निष्कर्ष II दोनों असत्य हैं।



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Q.No: 8 Which two signs should be interchanged to make the given equation CORRECT?

$$97 \times 23 - 18 + 9 \div 3 = 66$$

दिए गए समीकरण को सही बनाने के लिए किन दो चिह्नों को आपस में बदलना चाहिए?

$$97 \times 23 - 18 + 9 \div 3 = 66$$

☐ × and +

☐ × और +

☐ × and ÷

☐ × और ÷

☐ ÷ and -

☐ ÷ और -

☐ + and -

☐ + और -

Q.No: 9 If "+" means subtraction, "-" means division, "×" means addition, and "÷" means multiplication, then find:

$$16 \div 2 - 4 + 3 \times 5 = ?$$

अगर "+" का अर्थ घटाना है, "-" का अर्थ भाग है, "×" का अर्थ जोड़ है, और "÷" का अर्थ गुणा है, तो ज्ञात कीजिए:

$$16 \div 2 - 4 + 3 \times 5 = ?$$

☐ 27

☐ 27

☒ 10

☐ 10

☐ 25

☐ 25

☐ 20

Q.No: 10 A is the only daughter of B, who is the only son of C. How is A related to C?

A, B की एकमात्र पुत्री है, जो C का एकमात्र पुत्र है। A का C से क्या संबंध है?

Daughter

पुत्री

Sister

बहन

Granddaughter

पोती

Cousin

चचेरी

Q.No: 11 In the following question, find out the alternative that will replace the question mark.

SEAT : TEAS :: ROPE : ?

निम्नलिखित प्रश्न में, वह विकल्प ज्ञात कीजिए जो प्रश्न चिह्न के स्थान पर आएगा।

SEAT : TEAS :: ROPE : ?

PEOR

PEOR

PERO

PERO

EPRO

EPRO

EOPR

EOPR



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Q.No: 12	What comes next: 2, 3, 5, 9, 17, 33, ? इसके बाद क्या आएगा: 2, 3, 5, 9, 17, 33, ?
	65
	65
	63
	63
	61
	61
	67
	67

Q.No: 13	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: India imports large quantities of crude oil every year. Conclusions: I. India is not self-sufficient in oil production. II. All oil consumed in India is imported. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: भारत हर वर्ष बड़ी मात्रा में कच्चे तेल का आयात करता है। निष्कर्ष: I. भारत तेल उत्पादन में आत्मनिर्भर नहीं है। II. भारत में खपत होने वाला सारा तेल आयात किया जाता है।
	Only Conclusion I follows
	केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows
	केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow
	I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows

	न तो । और न ही ॥ अनुसरण करता है
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Q.No: 14	Read the following statement carefully and identify the conclusion that follows. Statement: Government vehicles are instructed to avoid using sirens except during emergencies. Conclusions: I. Sirens are often used unnecessarily. II. This will help reduce noise pollution. निम्नलिखित कथन को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़ें और निष्कर्ष निकालें। कथन: सरकारी वाहनों को आपात स्थिति को छोड़कर सायरन का उपयोग न करने का निर्देश दिया जाता है। निष्कर्ष: I. सायरन का प्रयोग अक्सर बिन-ज़रूरी रूप से किया जाता है। II. इससे ध्वनि प्रदूषण कम करने में मदद मिलेगी।
	Only Conclusion I follows
	केवल निष्कर्ष I अनुसरण करता है
	Only Conclusion II follows
	केवल निष्कर्ष II अनुसरण करता है
	Both I and II follow
	I और II दोनों अनुसरण करते हैं
	Neither I nor II follows
	न तो । और न ही ॥ अनुसरण करता है

Q.No: 15	If "ROME" is coded as "VSQI", what is the code for "GREECE"? यदि "ROME" को "VSQI" के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो "GREECE" का कोड क्या होगा?
	KVIIGI
	KVIIGI

	KVHHFD
	KVHHFD
	KWHHDF
	KWHHDF
	KVIHHD
	KVIHHD

Q.No: 16	What comes next? AX, JQ, SJ, ? निम्नलिखित श्रृंखला में अगले स्थान पर कौन सा विकल्प आएगा? AX, JQ, SJ, ?
	BA
	BA
	BC
	BC
	ZC
	ZC
	YC
	YC

Q.No: 17	Find the odd one out from the given alternatives: दिए गए विकल्पों में से विषम विकल्प को चुनिए:
	Tansen
	तानसेन
	Birbal
	बीरबल

	Abul Fazl
	अबुल फ़ज़ल
	Tagore
	टैगोर

Q.No: 18	If GOAL is coded as HPBM , what is the code for FAIL ?
	यदि GOAL को HPBM के रूप में कोडित किया जाता है, तो FAIL के लिए कोड क्या होगा?
	GBJM
	GBJM
	EBJN
	EBJN
	FBKM
	FBKM
	GAJL
	GAJL

Q.No: 19	A and B are partners in a business. A invests ₹20,000 for a period of 2 years. B invests ₹30,000 for a period of 3 years. If A's share of the total profit is ₹4,000, what is B's share of the profit?
	A और B एक व्यवसाय में साझेदार हैं। A, 2 वर्ष की अवधि के लिए ₹20,000 का निवेश करता है। B, 3 वर्ष की अवधि के लिए ₹30,000 का निवेश करता है। यदि कुल लाभ में A का हिस्सा ₹4,000 है, तो लाभ में B का हिस्सा क्या है?
	₹9,000
	₹9,000
	₹4,000
	₹4,000
	₹5,000
	₹5,000

₹7,000
₹7,000

Q.No: 20	If $9^2 = 81$ and $8^2 = 64$, what is 7^2 ?
	यदि $9^2 = 81$ और $8^2 = 64$ है, तो 7^2 क्या है?
	56
	56
	49
	49
	45
	45
	63
	63

Q.No: 21	If 4 taps can fill a tank in 15 minutes, how many taps are needed to fill it in 6 minutes?
	यदि 4 नल एक टैंक को 15 मिनट में भर सकते हैं, तो इसे 6 मिनट में भरने के लिए कितने नलों की आवश्यकता होगी?
	10
	10
	8
	8
	6
	6
	5
	5

Q.No: 22	If A is the brother of B, B is the sister of C, and C is the father of D, how is A related to D? यदि A, B का भाई है, B, C की बहन है, और C, D का पिता है, तो A, D से किस प्रकार संबंधित है?
	Uncle
	चाचा
	Father
	पिता
	Brother
	भाई
	Cousin
	चचेरा

Q.No: 23	If '+' means '-', '-' means '×', '×' means '÷', and '÷' means '+', then $20 + 5 \times 4 - 2 = ?$ यदि '+' का अर्थ '-', '-' का अर्थ '×', '×' का अर्थ '÷', और '÷' का अर्थ '+' है, तो $20 + 5 \times 4 - 2 = ?$
	12
	12
	5
	5
	16.78
	16.78
	17.5
	17.5

Q.No: 24	Find the next number in the series : 2, 5, 11, 23, 47, ? श्रृंखला में अगला अंक ज्ञात कीजिए: 2, 5, 11, 23, 47, ?
	95

	95
	97
	97
	93
	93
	99
	99

Q.No: 25	The series given below contains a sequence of numbers. Accordingly identify the incorrect combination. 3 , 12 , 48 , 194 , 768 , 3074
	नीचे दी गई श्रृंखला में संख्याओं का एक अनुक्रम है। तदनुसार गलत संयोजन की पहचान कीजिए। 3 , 12 , 48 , 194 , 768 , 3074
	12, 194
	12, 194
	768, 3074
	768, 3074
	48 , 194
	48 , 194
	194, 3074
	194, 3074

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Candidate Name			
Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1	▼
Test Date	:	19 Sep 2025	
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Centre Name	:		

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

Save / Print

Undertaking by the candidate :

I acknowledge that this saved question paper is for my personal use and self-analysis only. I understand that sharing, distributing, or using it for commercial or any other purposes is strictly prohibited and may lead to legal action as per applicable acts, rules and regulations.

Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-B (General Awareness)

Q.No: 26 The Kambala Festival of coastal Karnataka is primarily associated with which of the following traditions?

तटीय कर्नाटक का कंबाला महोत्सव मुख्य रूप से निम्नलिखित में से किस परंपरा से जुड़ा हुआ है?

Temple fairs



	मंदिर मेले
	Classical music
	शास्त्रीय संगीत
	Buffalo racing
	भैंसा दौड़
	Tribal rituals
	आदिवासी अनुष्ठान

Q.No: 27 Arrange the following historical structures in chronological order of their completion (earliest to latest):

- (a) Red Fort, Delhi
- (b) Jahangir Mahal, Orchha
- (c) Agra Fort (Akbar)

निम्नलिखित ऐतिहासिक संरचनाओं को उनके निर्माण के कालानुक्रमिक क्रम में व्यवस्थित करें (सबसे पहले से लेकर सबसे बाद में):

- (a) लाल किला, दिल्ली
- (b) जहाँगीर महल, ओरछा
- (c) आगरा किला (अकबर)

(a) → (b) → (c)

(a) → (b) → (c)

(c) → (b) → (a)

(c) → (b) → (a)

(b) → (c) → (a)

(b) → (c) → (a)

(c) → (a) → (b)

(c) → (a) → (b)

Not Answered

O.No: 28 Determine the correctly r

	गुप्तकाल के कर्तव्यों/उत्तरदायित्वों से संबंधित सही सुमेलित युग्म की पहचान करें।
	Dasapradha – fines from ten offences
	दशपराध - दस अपराधों पर जुर्माना
	Bhoga – free-labour levy
	भोगा – निःशुल्क श्रम कर
	Adeya – registry-keeping duty
	अदेया – रजिस्ट्री रखने का कर्तव्य
	Dhanya – forced labour
	धन्या – जबरन मजदूरी

Q.No: 29 **Fill in the blanks:**
The composition “Guru Bin Kaise Gun Gaaye” is set to the rhythmic cycle known as ____.

रिक्त स्थान भरें:

रचना “गुरु बिन कैसे गुण गाए” को ____ नामक लयबद्ध चक्र पर सेट किया गया है।

Jhaptaal

झपताल

Keharwa

केहरवा

Teentaal

तीनताल

Roopak

रूपक

Not Answered

Q.No: 30 **Fill in the blanks:**
According to official rules _____



	रिक्त स्थान भरें: आधिकारिक नियमों के अनुसार, एक मानक टेबल टेनिस गेंद का व्यास होता है:
	38 millimeters
	38 मिलीमीटर
	40 millimeters
	40 मिलीमीटर
	42 millimeters
	42 मिलीमीटर
	44 millimeters
	44 मिलीमीटर
Not Answered	

Q.No: 31	Which Rashtrakuta king defeated Parantaka I of the Chola dynasty? किस राष्ट्रकूट राजा ने चोल वंश के परंतक प्रथम को हराया था?
	Krishna I कृष्ण प्रथम
	Dantidurga डेनटिदुर्गा
	Krishna III कृष्ण तृतीय
	Govinda III गोविंदा तृतीय
Not Answered	

Q.No: 32	Which of the following pairs (Governor-General – Policy followed) is correctly matched? निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा युग्म (गवर्नर-जनरल - नीति का पालन) सही सम्मेलित है?
	Lord Hastings – Anti-exp



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	लॉर्ड हेस्टिंग्स – विस्तारवाद विरोधी नीति
	Marquis of Hastings – Followed fiscal conservatism
	मार्क्विस् ऑफ हेस्टिंग्स - राजकोषीय रूढ़िवाद का पालन किया
	Lord Wellesley – Pursued imperialist conquests
	लॉर्ड वेलेस्ली - साम्राज्यवादी विजय अभियान
	Henry Dundas – Opposed Charter renewal
	हेनरी डंडास – चार्टर नवीनीकरण का विरोध किया
Not Answered	

Q.No: 33	How is the lane width for athletes in races up to 400 meters determined on a synthetic track?
	सिंथेटिक ट्रैक पर 400 मीटर तक की दौड़ में एथलीटों के लिए लेन की चौड़ाई कैसे निर्धारित की जाती है?
	Each lane is 2 meters wide, marked by 10 cm lines.
	प्रत्येक लेन 2 मीटर चौड़ी है, जिसे 10 सेमी की रेखाओं से चिह्नित किया गया है।
	Each lane is 1.22 to 1.25 meters wide, marked by 5 cm lines.
	प्रत्येक लेन 1.22 से 1.25 मीटर चौड़ी है, जो 5 सेमी की रेखाओं से चिह्नित है।
	Lanes vary in width depending on the number of athletes.
	एथलीटों की संख्या के आधार पर लेन की चौड़ाई अलग-अलग होती है।
	There are no separate lanes for races up to 400 meters.
	400 मीटर तक की दौड़ के लिए कोई अलग लेन नहीं है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 34	Examine the statements below and select the most appropriate option. Assertion (A): India's Dornier aircraft aid and OCC role show a shift in its development partnership with Sri Lanka towards defence focus. Reason (R): President Disanayaka declined India's maritime security assistance and requested only cultural and financial cooperation.
----------	---

नीचे दिए गए कथनों की जाँच कीजिए और सबसे उपयुक्त विकल्प चुनिए।

अभिकथन (A): भारत की डोर्नियर विमान सहायता और ओसीसी की भूमिका, श्रीलंका के साथ उसकी विकास साझेदारी में रक्षा पर ध्यान केंद्रित करने की दिशा में बदलाव दर्शाती है।

कारण (R): राष्ट्रपति दिसानायका ने भारत की समुद्री सुरक्षा सहायता को अस्वीकार कर दिया और केवल सांस्कृतिक और वित्तीय सहयोग का अनुरोध किया।

Both A and R are true, and R is the correct explanation of A

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, तथा R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है

Both A and R are true, but R is not the correct explanation of A

A और R दोनों सत्य हैं, लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है

A is false, but R is true

A असत्य है, लेकिन R सत्य है

A is true, but R is false

A सत्य है, लेकिन R असत्य है

Not Answered

Q.No: 35 'Half the Night is Gone' is written by which Sahitya Akademi winner?

'हाफ द नाइट इज़ गॉन' किस साहित्य अकादमी विजेता द्वारा लिखी गई है?

Amitav Ghosh

अमिताव घोष

Amit Chaudhuri

अमित चौधरी

Anuradha Roy

अनुराधा रॉय

Amitabha Bagchi

अमिताभ बागची

Not Answered

Q.No: 36 Who won the men's and women's badminton doublets held in Jamshedpur?



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	जमशेदपुर में आयोजित 2024 राष्ट्रीय तीरंदाजी चैंपियनशिप में पुरुष और महिला रिकर्व खिताब किसने जीते?
	Atanu Das and Deepika Kumari अतनु दास और दीपिका कुमारी Dhiraj Bommadevara and Ankita Bhakat धीरज बोम्मदेवरा और अंकिता भक्त
	Dhiraj Bommadevara and Deepika Kumari धीरज बोम्मदेवरा और दीपिका कुमारी
	Pravin Jadhav and Komalika Bari प्रवीण जाधव और कोमलिका बारी
Not Answered	

Q.No: 37	Which of the following about the 73rd Inter Services Water Polo Championship 2024-25 is/are correct? 1.) Hosted by Eastern Naval Command at Dolphin Hill Pool, Visakhapatnam. 2.) Navy defeated Army to win the title. 73वीं अंतर-सेवा वाटर पोलो चैंपियनशिप 2024-25 के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा/से कथन सही है/हैं? 1.) पूर्वी नौसेना कमान द्वारा डॉल्फिन हिल पूल, विशाखापत्तनम में आयोजित। 2.) नौसेना ने सेना को हराकर खिताब जीता। Only 1 is correct केवल 1 सही है Only 2 is correct केवल 2 सही है
	Both 1 and 2 are correct 1 और 2 दोनों सही हैं
	Neither 1 nor 2 is Correct न तो 1 और न ही 2 सही है
Not Answered	

Q.No: 38	Fill in the blanks: Taxes on interstate trade are restricted by Article ____ unless Parliament otherwise provides. रिक्त स्थान भरें: अंतरराज्यीय व्यापार पर कर अनुच्छेद ____ द्वारा प्रतिबंधित हैं, जब तक कि संसद अन्यथा प्रावधान न करे।
	286
	286
	269
	269
	276
	276
	294
	294
Not Answered	

Q.No: 39	Read the below statements about enzymes and choose the correct option: 1. Enzymes increase the activation energy of a reaction. 2. Enzymes are specific to substrates due to active site configuration. 3. Enzyme activity is affected by pH and temperature. Which of the above statements are correct? एंजाइमों के बारे में नीचे दिए गए कथनों को पढ़ें और सही विकल्प चुनें: 1. एंजाइम अभिक्रिया की सक्रियण ऊर्जा को बढ़ाते हैं। 2. एंजाइम सक्रिय स्थल विन्यास के कारण सब्सट्रेट के लिए विशिष्ट होते हैं। 3. एंजाइम की सक्रियता pH और तापमान से प्रभावित होती है। उपरोक्त में से कौन से कथन सही हैं? Only 1 and 2 are correct केवल 1 और 2 सही हैं
	Only 2 and 3 are correct
	केवल 2 और 3 सही हैं
	Only 1 and 3 are correct



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	केवल 1 और 3 सही हैं
	1, 2 and 3 all are correct
	1, 2 और 3 सभी सही हैं
Not Answered	

Q.No: 40	Which of the following statements about the Finance Commission of India is correct ?
	भारत के वित्त आयोग के बारे में निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा कथन सही है ?
	Its recommendations are binding on the Union and State governments.
	इसकी सिफारिशें केन्द्र और राज्य सरकारों पर बाध्यकारी हैं।
	Its members enjoy a fixed tenure protected from executive removal.
	इसके सदस्यों को एक निश्चित कार्यकाल मिलता है, जो कार्यकारी निष्कासन से सुरक्षित होता है।
	Its recommendations are advisory in nature and not legally binding.
	इसकी सिफारिशें सलाहकारी प्रकृति की हैं और कानूनी रूप से बाध्यकारी नहीं हैं।
	It submits its report directly to the Parliament for enactment.
	यह अधिनियमन के लिए अपनी रिपोर्ट सीधे संसद को प्रस्तुत करता है।

Q.No: 41	According to the 2025 Energy Transition Index, which factor is crucial for attracting long-term investment in energy transition?
	2025 ऊर्जा संक्रमण सूचकांक के अनुसार, ऊर्जा संक्रमण में दीर्घकालिक निवेश को आकर्षित करने के लिए कौन सा कारक महत्वपूर्ण है?
	High electricity tariffs
	उच्च विद्युत शुल्क
	Adaptive and stable policy frameworks
	अनुकूली और स्थिर नीति ढांचे
	Rapid fossil fuel subsidies
	तीव्र जीवाश्म ईंधन सब्सिडी
	Deregulated industrial zones
	विनियंत्रित औद्योगिक क्षेत्र

Not Answered

Q.No: 42 Hojagiri dance, performed by women balancing bottles and lamps, is associated with which tribe and state?

बोतलों और लैंप को संतुलित करते हुए महिलाओं द्वारा किया जाने वाला होजागिरी नृत्य किस जनजाति और राज्य से संबंधित है?

Bodo – Assam

बोडो – असम

Reang – Tripura

रियांग – त्रिपुरा

Angami – Nagaland

अंगामी – नागालैंड

Mishing – Arunachal Pradesh

मिशिंग – अरुणाचल प्रदेश

Q.No: 43 What is the main reason for the decline in core inflation across most countries in 2024?

2024 में अधिकांश देशों में कोर मुद्रास्फीति में गिरावट का मुख्य कारण क्या है?

Fall in service sector productivity

सेवा क्षेत्र की उत्पादकता में गिरावट

Decrease in export demand

निर्यात मांग में कमी

Drop in international commodity prices

अंतर्राष्ट्रीय वस्तुओं की कीमतों में गिरावट

Increase in fiscal deficit

राजकोषीय घाटे में वृद्धि

Not Answered



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Q.No: 44	What is meant by 'mixed economy'?
	'मिश्रित अर्थव्यवस्था' से क्या तात्पर्य है?
	Only private sector
	केवल निजी क्षेत्र
	Only public sector
	केवल सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र
	Both private and public sectors
	निजी और सार्वजनिक दोनों क्षेत्रों
	Only foreign companies
	केवल विदेशी कंपनियां

Q.No: 45	What is the key objective of India's Green Credit Programme , recently operationalised under the Environment (Protection) Act, 1986?
	पर्यावरण (संरक्षण) अधिनियम, 1986 के तहत हाल ही में शुरू किए गए भारत के ग्रीन क्रेडिट कार्यक्रम का मुख्य उद्देश्य क्या है?
	Generate green bonds for renewable industries
	नवीकरणीय उद्योगों के लिए हरित बांड तैयार करना
	Reward voluntary environmental actions by individuals or entities
	व्यक्तियों या संस्थाओं द्वारा स्वैच्छिक पर्यावरणीय कार्यों को पुरस्कृत करें
	Penalize high carbon footprint industries
	उच्च कार्बन उत्सर्जन वाले उद्योगों को दंडित करें
	Enforce green finance for real estate sector
	रियल एस्टेट क्षेत्र के लिए हरित वित्त लागू करें

Not Answered

Q.No: 46	Consider the following statements: 1. Article 131 provides exclusive original jurisdiction to High Courts in federal disputes. 2. The Supreme Court can adjudicate disputes between States under Article 131. Which of the statements
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	निम्नलिखित कथनों पर विचार कीजिए: 1. अनुच्छेद 131 संघीय विवादों में उच्च न्यायालयों को अनन्य आरंभिक अधिकारिता प्रदान करता है। 2. सर्वोच्च न्यायालय अनुच्छेद 131 के अंतर्गत राज्यों के बीच विवादों का निपटारा कर सकता है। उपर्युक्त कथनों में से कौन सा सही है/हैं?
	Only 1
	केवल 1
	Only 2
	केवल 2
	Both 1 and 2
	1 और 2 दोनों
	Neither 1 nor 2
	न तो 1 और न ही 2
Not Answered	

Q.No: 47	Which reform enabled MNCs to enter India? किस सुधार ने बहुराष्ट्रीय कम्पनियों को भारत में प्रवेश करने में सक्षम बनाया? Land Reform भूमि सुधार Globalisation भूमंडलीकरण Labour Law श्रम कानून Swadeshi स्वदेशी
----------	---

Q.No: 48	Read the following statements carefully and choose the correct option regarding Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Assertion (A): The disinvestment policy has been widely criticized in India. Reason (R): It resulted in increased market monopoly by public sector undertakings. निम्नलिखित कथनों को ध्यानपूर्वक पढ़िए और अभिकथन (A) तथा कारण (R) के संबंध में सही विकल्प चुनिए। अभिकथन (A): भारत में विनिवेश नीति की व्यापक रूप से आलोचना की गई है। कारण (R): इसके परिणामस्वरूप सार्वजनिक क्षेत्र के उपक्रमों का बाजार एकाधिकार बढ़ गया।
	Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A.
	A और R दोनों सत्य हैं और R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण है।
	Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A.
	A और R दोनों सत्य हैं लेकिन R, A का सही स्पष्टीकरण नहीं है।
	A is true but R is false.
	A सत्य है लेकिन R असत्य है।
	A is false but R is true.
	A गलत है लेकिन R सत्य है।
Not Answered	

Q.No: 49	What is the most notable feature of the Rouf dance of Kashmir? कश्मीर के रौफ नृत्य की सबसे उल्लेखनीय विशेषता क्या है? Colorful costumes रंग-बिरंगी वेशभूषा Hand gestures हस्त संकेत
	Footwork of dancers
	नर्तकों के पैरों की गति
	Musical instruments
	संगीत वाद्ययंत्र
Not Answered	

Q.No: 50 Which matched pair is incorrect?

कौन सा सुमेलित युग्म गलत है?

Mesosphere - meteors burn

मध्यमंडल - उल्कापिंड जलते हैं

Stratosphere - ozone layer

समताप मंडल - ओजोन परत

Exosphere - tropospheric clouds

बहिर्मंडल - क्षोभमंडलीय बादल

Thermosphere - ISS orbit

थर्मोस्फीयर - आईएसएस कक्षा

Not Answered

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Roll No.			
Candidate Name			
Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1	▼
Test Date	:	19 Sep 2025	
Test Time and Shift	:	09:00 AM (Shift-1)	
Centre Name	:	E	

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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Undertaking by the candidate :

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-C (Quantitative Aptitude)

1

Q.No: 51 Simplify the expression: $\sqrt{9 + 4\sqrt{5}}$

व्यंजक को सरल करें: $\sqrt{9 + 4\sqrt{5}}$



	$\sqrt{5} + 2$
	$\sqrt{5} + 2$
	$3 + \sqrt{5}$
	$3 + \sqrt{5}$
	$2 + \sqrt{6}$
	$2 + \sqrt{6}$
	$3 + \sqrt{4}$
	$3 + \sqrt{4}$

Q.No: 52	If 25% of A = 20% of B = 10% of C, find A : B : C.
	यदि A का 25% = B का 20% = C का 10%, तो A : B : C ज्ञात कीजिए।
	4 : 5 : 10
	4 : 5 : 10
	10 : 5 : 4
	10 : 5 : 4
	5 : 4 : 10
	5 : 4 : 10
	2 : 3 : 5
	2 : 3 : 5

Q.No: 53	Which of the following is correct?
	(i) $\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{2} > \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3}$
	(ii) $\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{2} < \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3}$
	(iii) $\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3}$

	निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा सही है?
	(i) $\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{2} > \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3}$
	(ii) $\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{2} < \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3}$
	(iii) $\sqrt{7} + \sqrt{2} = \sqrt{6} + \sqrt{3}$
	(i)
	(i)
	(ii)
	(ii)
	(iii)
	(iii)
	(i), (ii) and (iii)
	(i), (ii) और (iii)

Q.No: 54	A laptop is priced at ₹40,000. A customer gets a discount of ₹4,000 on it. After the discount, the customer buys a mouse for ₹1,500 at a 20% discount. What is the total amount the customer spends on both items?
	एक लैपटॉप की कीमत ₹40,000 है। एक ग्राहक को इस पर ₹4,000 की छूट मिलती है। छूट के बाद, ग्राहक 20% छूट पर ₹1,500 में एक माउस खरीदता है। ग्राहक दोनों वस्तुओं पर कुल कितनी राशि खर्च करता है?
	₹35,500
	₹35,500
	₹36,500
	₹36,500
	₹37,200
	₹37,200
	₹38,600
	₹38,600

Q.No: 55	Two pipes A and B can fill a tank in 18 and 24 minutes respectively. After both are opened together for 6 minutes, the rate of pipe A becomes half, and pipe B becomes double its original. In how many more minutes will the tank be full? दो पाइप A और B एक टैंक को क्रमशः 18 और 24 मिनट में भर सकते हैं। दोनों को 6 मिनट के लिए एक साथ खोलने के बाद, पाइप A की दर आधी हो जाती है, और पाइप B अपनी मूल दर से दोगुनी हो जाती है। टैंक कितने और मिनट में भर जाएगा?
	3 min 45 sec
	3 मिनट 45 सेकंड
	2 min 8 sec
	2 मिनट 8 सेकंड
	5 min 42 sec
	5 मिनट 42 सेकंड
	6 min 50 sec
	6 मिनट 50 सेकंड

Q.No: 56	If $x + \frac{1}{x} = -1$, then compute: $x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} + 2x^2 + \frac{2}{x^2}$. यदि $x + \frac{1}{x} = -1$, तो : $x^4 + \frac{1}{x^4} + 2x^2 + \frac{2}{x^2}$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।
	-3
	-3
	3
	3
	4
	4
	-4
	-4

Q.No: 57	Sarah lent ₹12000 to John on 10 January 2024 at a simple interest rate of 6% per annum. John plans to pay back the entire amount on 10 July 2024. What is the total amount to be paid?
----------	--



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	सारा ने 10 जनवरी 2024 को जॉन को 6% प्रति वर्ष की साधारण ब्याज दर पर ₹12000 उधार दिए। जॉन ने 10 जुलाई 2024 को पूरी राशि वापस करने की योजना बनाई है। जॉन को कुल कितनी राशि वापस करनी है?
	₹12300
	₹12300
	₹12360
	₹12360
	₹12400
	₹12400
	₹12420
	₹12420

Q.No: 58	If A, B, and C are three amounts of money such that B is the simple interest on A, and C is the simple interest on B, all for the same time and at the same rate of interest, then which of the following is true?
	यदि A, B और C तीन धनराशियाँ इस प्रकार हैं कि B, A पर साधारण ब्याज है, और C, B पर साधारण ब्याज है, सभी एक ही समय के लिए और एक ही ब्याज दर पर हैं, तो निम्नलिखित में से कौन सा सत्य है?
	$A^2 = BC$
	$A^2 = BC$
	$B^2 = AC$
	$B^2 = AC$
	$C^2 = AB$
	$C^2 = AB$
	$A + B = C$
	$A + B = C$

Q.No: 59 A tower is 20 meters tall. What is the length of the shadow cast by the tower when the sun's elevation is 45° ?

	एक 20 मीटर ऊँचा मीनार (टावर) है। जब सूर्य की ऊँचाई का कोण (Elevation angle) 45° हो, तब उस मीनार की छाया की लम्बाई क्या होगी?
	10m
	10मीटर
	20m
	20मीटर
	$20\sqrt{3}$ m
	$20\sqrt{3}$ मीटर
	$10\sqrt{3}$ m
	$10\sqrt{3}$ मीटर

Q.No: 60	A hemisphere of radius 5 cm is carved from a sphere. What is the volume of the hemisphere?
	एक गोले को काटकर 5 सेमी त्रिज्या वाला एक अर्धगोला बनाया गया है। अर्धगोले का आयतन क्या है?
	$\frac{65\pi}{6} \text{ cm}^3$
	$\frac{65\pi}{6}$ सेमी ³
	$\frac{125\pi}{6} \text{ cm}^3$
	$\frac{125\pi}{6}$ सेमी ³
	$\frac{250\pi}{3} \text{ cm}^3$
	$\frac{250\pi}{3}$ सेमी ³
	$\frac{375\pi}{6} \text{ cm}^3$
	$\frac{375\pi}{6}$ सेमी ³

Q.No: 61	A solid sphere is placed inside a cube such that it touches all six faces. What percentage of the cube's volume is not occupied by the sphere? एक ठोस गोला एक घन के भीतर इस प्रकार रखा गया है कि वह घन की सभी छहों सतहों को स्पर्श करता है। तो, घन के आयतन का कितना प्रतिशत भाग गोले द्वारा नहीं घेरा गया है?
	47.67%
	47.67%
	48.56%
	48.56%
	49.28%
	49.28%
	42.54%
	42.54%

Q.No: 62	The sides of a rectangular prism are in the ratio 4:5:6. If the volume of the prism is 960 cm^3 what is the length of its longest side? एक आयताकार प्रिज्म की भुजाएँ 4:5:6 के अनुपात में हैं। यदि प्रिज्म का आयतन है 960 सेमी^3 इसकी सबसे लंबी भुजा की लंबाई क्या है?
	12 cm
	12 सेमी
	10 cm
	10 सेमी
	8 cm
	8 सेमी
	16 cm
	16 सेमी

Q.No: 63	A conical bucket is cut at one-third its height from the top. What is the ratio of the volumes of the two parts (top part to bottom part)?
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	एक शंक्वाकार बाल्टी को उसकी ऊँचाई के एक-तिहाई भाग पर ऊपर से काटा गया है। दोनों भागों (ऊपरी भाग से निचले भाग) के आयतनों का अनुपात क्या है?
	1 : 8
	1 : 8
	1 : 26
	1 : 26
	1 : 27
	1 : 27
	1 : 7
	1 : 7

Q.No: 64	If $\tan A + \cot A = 2$ and $A \in (0, \pi/2)$, then what is $\sin A + \cos A$?
	यदि $\tan A + \cot A = 2$ और $A \in (0, \pi/2)$, तो $\sin A + \cos A$ क्या है?
	1
	1
	$\sqrt{2}$
	$\sqrt{2}$
	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}$
	Cannot be determined
	तय नहीं किया जा सकता

Q.No: 65	What is the value of $\sin 20^\circ \cos 10^\circ + \cos 20^\circ \sin 10^\circ$?
	$\sin 20^\circ \cos 10^\circ + \cos 20^\circ \sin 10^\circ$ का मान क्या है?
	$\frac{1}{2}$

	$\frac{1}{2}$
	$\frac{3}{4}$
	$\frac{3}{4}$
	$\frac{5}{4}$
	$\frac{5}{4}$
	$\frac{7}{8}$
	$\frac{7}{8}$

Q.No: 66	The graph of $y = 4x - 5$ passes through which point? $y = 4x - 5$ का ग्राफ किस बिंदु से होकर गुजरता है? (1, -1) (1, -1) (0, -5) (0, -5) (2, 3) (2, 3)
	All the above उपरोक्त सभी

Q.No: 67	A sector of a circle has a central angle of 60° and a radius of 9 cm. Another sector of the same circle has a central angle of $\frac{\pi}{3}$ radians. What is the ratio of the area of the first sector to the area of the second sector? एक वृत्त के एक त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण 60° और त्रिज्या 9 सेमी है। उसी वृत्त के एक अन्य त्रिज्यखंड का केंद्रीय कोण है $\frac{\pi}{3}$ रेडियन। पहले सेक्टर के क्षेत्रफल का दूसरे सेक्टर के क्षेत्रफल से
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	1:1
	1:1
	2:3
	2:3
	3:5
	3:5
	5:6
	5:6

Q.No: 68	A parallelogram is a quadrilateral in which: समांतर चतुर्भुज एक चतुर्भुज है जिसमें: Only one pair of opposite sides is parallel. विपरीत भुजाओं का केवल एक युग्म समांतर होता है। All four interior angles are 90° सभी चार आंतरिक कोण 90° हैं
	Opposite sides are parallel and of equal length. विपरीत भुजाएँ समान्तर एवं समान लम्बाई की होती हैं।
	The diagonals are perpendicular. विकर्ण लंबवत हैं।

Q.No: 69	A right-angled triangle has a hypotenuse of 13 cm and one leg of 5 cm. A second right-angled triangle is similar to the first, and its hypotenuse is 39 cm. What is the area of the second triangle? एक समकोण त्रिभुज का कर्ण 13 सेमी और एक भुजा 5 सेमी है। एक दूसरा समकोण त्रिभुज पहले वाले के समरूप है और इसका कर्ण 39 सेमी है। दूसरे त्रिभुज का क्षेत्रफल क्या है?
	30 cm ²
	30 सेमी ²

	90 cm ²
	90 सेमी ²
	160 cm ²
	160 सेमी ²
	270 cm ²
	270 सेमी ²

Q.No: 70	In a quadrilateral ABCD, a line segment BD is a diagonal such that AB=CD and $\angle ABD = \angle CDB$. Are the triangles ABD and CDB congruent? If so, by what rule? एक चतुर्भुज ABCD में, रेखाखंड BD एक विकर्ण है जिससे AB=CD और $\angle ABD = \angle CDB$ है। क्या त्रिभुज ABD और CDB सर्वांगसम हैं? यदि हाँ, तो किस नियम से?
	Yes, by SSS हाँ, एसएसएस द्वारा
	Yes, by SAS हाँ, एसएसएस द्वारा
	Yes, by ASA हाँ, एसएसएस द्वारा
	No, they are not congruent नहीं, वे सर्वांगसम नहीं हैं

Q.No: 71	$27^3 + 10^3 - 29^3 + 246$ is equal to: $27^3 + 10^3 - 29^3 + 246$ बराबर है:
	0
	0
	-3460
	-3460

-2860
-2860
1
1

Q.No: 72	If $\sin x = \frac{3}{5}$ and $x \in (0, \pi/2)$, then find $\frac{1+\tan x}{1-\tan x}$ यदि $\sin x = \frac{3}{5}$ और $x \in (0, \pi/2)$, तो $\frac{1+\tan x}{1-\tan x}$ का मान ज्ञात कीजिए।
	6
	6
	7
	7
	8
	8
	9
	9

Q.No: 73	The length of each of two tangents drawn from an external point to a circle is 10 cm. What is the approximate distance from the external point to the center of the circle, if the radius is 6 cm? एक बाह्य बिंदु से वृत्त पर खींची गई दो स्पर्श रेखाओं की लंबाई 10 सेमी है। यदि त्रिज्या 6 सेमी है, तो बाह्य बिंदु से वृत्त के केंद्र की अनुमानित दूरी क्या है?
	4 cm
	4 सेमी
	10 cm
	10 सेमी
	12 cm
	12 सेमी

	16 cm
	16 सेमी
Q.No: 74	A circle is inscribed in a right triangle with legs of length 5 and 12. What is the radius of the circle?
	एक वृत्त एक समकोण त्रिभुज के अन्दर बना है जिसके भुजाओं की लम्बाई 5 और 12 है। वृत्त की त्रिज्या क्या है?
	2
	2
	3
	3
	4
	4
	5
	5

Q.No: 75	What is the result of $(0.5^3 + 0.1^3 - 0.6^3) \div (3 \times 0.5 \times 0.1 \times 0.6)$?
	$(0.5^3 + 0.1^3 - 0.6^3) \div (3 \times 0.5 \times 0.1 \times 0.6)$ का परिणाम क्या है?
	-1
	-1
	0
	0
	1
	1
	2
	2

Roll No.			
Candidate Name			
Exam Level	:	SSC CGL Tier 1	▼
Test Date	:	19 Sep 2025	
Test Time and Shift	:	09:00 AM (Shift-1)	
Centre Name	:		

Correct Option selected Wrong Option selected Correct Option Not Answered

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Note:

The candidates may note that in the challenge module the sequence of the questions and the options may be different from how it appeared during the examination. This is because in the challenge module the sequence of the questions as well as the answers will be the same for all the candidates who appeared in a particular shift while during the actual examination these sequences were different for different candidates. However the answer key selected by the candidates during the examination will exactly be reflected in the challenge module.

PART-D (English Comprehension)

Q.No: 76	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: FELICITOUS
	Odd



	Irrelevant
	Unsuitable
	Appropriate

Q.No: 77	Select the most appropriate synonym of the given word: DILATORY
	Quick
	Efficient
	Prompt
	Tardy
Not Answered	

Q.No: 78	Select the most appropriate antonym of the given word. Refulgent
	Dull
	Radiant
	Gleaming
	Luminous

Q.No: 79	Choose the correct meaning of idiom: Hoist with one's own petard He has benefited by sheer luck
----------	--

	He has risen through deceit
	He has gained unearned praise
	He is destroyed by his own trap or scheme
Not Answered	

Q.No: 80	Select the correct spelling of a word meaning 'a person who avoids work or effort'.
	Sluggard
	Sluggerd
	Sluggart
	Slugerd

Q.No: 81	Which of these is the correct spelling of a theory centered on utility and outcomes?
	Utilitarenism
	Utiliterianism
	Utilitarianism
	Utillitarianism

Q.No: 82	Choose the correct one-word substitution for: 'A person who pretends to be what he is not'.
	Mimic

	Actor
	Impostor
	Hypocrite

Q.No: 83	Choose the correct one-word substitute for: 'A government or state in which those in power exploit national resources and steal'.
	Plutocracy
	Kleptomania
	Oligarchy
	Kleptocracy

Q.No: 84	Choose the correct semantic fit: The intervention was seen as a ____ to escalating tensions.
	deterrent
	detention
	detraction
	derision

Q.No: 85	Find the part of the sentence that contains an error: She spoke (1)/ concise during the press briefing (2)/ to ensure the journalists (3)/ captured the key points accurately. (4)/
	(1)

	(2)
	(3)
	(4)

Q.No: 86	Change the following from active to passive: The agent could have sold the house.
	The house could have been sold by the agent.
	The house could be sold by the agent.
	The house could have sold by the agent.
	The house could had been sold by the agent.

Q.No: 87	Find the part of the sentence that contains an error: So intense was the resistance (1)/ that the proposal not only failed (2)/ but also faced with widespread criticism (3)/ across institutional stakeholders. (4)
	(1)
	(2)
	(3)
	(4)
Not Answered	

Q.No: 88	Select the sentence containing the homonym of the highlighted word: The basilica was renowned for its acoustics and proportions.
	The archaeologist uncovered the foundations of a Roman basilica.
	The musician composed an oratorio for performance in the basilica.
	The botanist catalogued a rare basilica with serrated leaves.
	Pilgrims gathered inside the ancient basilica at dusk.

Q.No: 89	Convert the sentence provided below from its passive voice structure to an active voice structure: New protocols are expected to have been implemented by the end of the fiscal year.
	Authorities implemented the protocols by the fiscal year-end.
	The administration expects to implement protocols soon.
	Authorities are expected to implement new protocols by fiscal year-end.
	The protocols were implemented as expected.

Q.No: 90	Choose the most suitable option to replace the highlighted part of the sentence: The baby was sleeping <i>since two hours</i> .
	from two hours
	for two hours
	by two hours
	since two hour

Q.No: 91	Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage : The relationship between morality and legality is neither linear nor synonymous. Though often conflated in everyday discourse, they belong to distinct conceptual realms. Legality refers to conformity with codified rules enforced by the state, whereas morality is guided by principles of right and wrong, which are often subjective and culturally contingent. The divergence between what is legal and what is moral forms one of the most enduring dilemmas in jurisprudence and civil ethics. Laws, by their very nature, are prescriptive and institutionalized, grounded in the need for order, predictability, and enforceability. Yet, legal codes are ultimately constructed within specific historical, political, and social contexts, and thus may reflect prevailing power structures more than universal justice. For instance, colonial laws legalizing racial segregation or past statutes criminalizing homosexuality demonstrate how legality can institutionalize what many later recognize as moral failures. Conversely, acts of civil disobedience—illegal by definition—often draw moral legitimacy from a higher ethical calling. Mahatma Gandhi’s Salt March or Rosa Parks’ defiance on a segregated bus were technically unlawful, yet they served as moral catalysts for transformative legal reform. This underscores a vital point: legality does not always equate to justice, and at times, morality must challenge the law to realign it with evolving human values. However, conflating morality with legality can be equally dangerous. In pluralistic societies, what constitutes “moral” varies widely across cultures, religions, and ideologies. If law were to enforce a singular moral worldview, it would risk descending into authoritarianism or theocracy. Hence, modern democratic legal systems are designed to be procedurally neutral, relying on constitutional frameworks that protect individual rights while accommodating moral diversity. The tension between morality and legality is also palpable in emerging debates around technology, bioethics, and freedom of expression. Laws often lag behind technological advances, creating grey zones where ethical concerns arise before legal clarity is established. Consider data privacy or artificial intelligence—practices that may be legal today but pose moral quandaries about consent, autonomy, and manipulation. Ultimately, an ideal legal system should neither operate in moral vacuum nor serve as a mere extension of moral absolutism. Instead, it must strike a delicate balance—upholding constitutional values while remaining responsive to the ethical pulse of the time. Citizens, too, bear a responsibility: to not only obey the law but to question it when it stagnates or strays from principles of justice. What central idea does the passage emphasize about legality? It is always aligned with morality It should be based solely on religious values It is contextually shaped and not always just It evolves without societal influence Not Answered
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Q.No: 92	Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage : The relationship between morality and legality is neither linear nor synonymous. Though often conflated in everyday discourse, they belong to distinct conceptual realms. Legality refers to conformity with codified rules enforced by the state, whereas morality is guided by principles of right and wrong, which are often subjective and culturally contingent. The divergence between what is legal and what is moral forms one of the most enduring dilemmas in jurisprudence and civil ethics. Laws, by their very nature, are prescriptive and institutionalized, grounded in the need for order, predictability, and enforceability. Yet, legal codes are ultimately constructed within specific historical, political, and social contexts, and thus may reflect prevailing power structures more than universal justice. For instance, colonial laws legalizing racial segregation or past statutes criminalizing homosexuality demonstrate how legality can institutionalize what many later recognize as moral failures. Conversely, acts of civil disobedience—illegal by definition—often draw moral legitimacy from a higher ethical calling. Mahatma Gandhi’s Salt March or Rosa Parks’ defiance on a segregated bus were technically unlawful, yet they served as moral catalysts for transformative legal reform. This underscores a vital point: legality does not always equate to justice, and at times, morality must challenge the law to realign it with evolving human values. However, conflating morality with legality can be equally dangerous. In pluralistic societies, what constitutes “moral” varies widely across cultures, religions, and ideologies. If law were to enforce a singular moral worldview, it would risk descending into authoritarianism or theocracy. Hence, modern democratic legal systems are designed to be procedurally neutral, relying on constitutional frameworks that protect individual rights while accommodating moral diversity. The tension between morality and legality is also palpable in emerging debates around technology, bioethics, and freedom of expression. Laws often lag behind technological advances, creating grey zones where ethical concerns arise before legal clarity is established. Consider data privacy or artificial intelligence—practices that may be legal today but pose moral quandaries about consent, autonomy, and manipulation. Ultimately, an ideal legal system should neither operate in moral vacuum nor serve as a mere extension of moral absolutism. Instead, it must strike a delicate balance—upholding constitutional values while remaining responsive to the ethical pulse of the time. Citizens, too, bear a responsibility: to not only obey the law but to question it when it stagnates or strays from principles of justice.
	Why does the author mention acts like Gandhi’s Salt March and Rosa Parks’ defiance?
	To show how legal systems support all moral actions
	To illustrate when legal disobedience is morally valid
	To argue for stricter law enforcement
	To show that all moral actions are illegal
Not Answered	

Q.No: 93	Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage : The relationship between morality and legality is neither linear nor synonymous. Though often conflated in everyday discourse, they belong to distinct conceptual realms. Legality refers to conformity with codified rules enforced by the state, whereas morality is guided by principles of right and wrong, which are often subjective and culturally contingent. The divergence between what is legal and what is moral forms one of the most enduring dilemmas in jurisprudence and civil ethics. Laws, by their very nature, are prescriptive and institutionalized, grounded in the need for order, predictability, and enforceability. Yet, legal codes are ultimately constructed within specific historical, political, and social contexts, and thus may reflect prevailing power structures more than universal justice. For instance, colonial laws legalizing racial segregation or past statutes criminalizing homosexuality demonstrate how legality can institutionalize what many later recognize as moral failures. Conversely, acts of civil disobedience—illegal by definition—often draw moral legitimacy from a higher ethical calling. Mahatma Gandhi’s Salt March or Rosa Parks’ defiance on a segregated bus were technically unlawful, yet they served as moral catalysts for transformative legal reform. This underscores a vital point: legality does not always equate to justice, and at times, morality must challenge the law to realign it with evolving human values. However, conflating morality with legality can be equally dangerous. In pluralistic societies, what constitutes “moral” varies widely across cultures, religions, and ideologies. If law were to enforce a singular moral worldview, it would risk descending into authoritarianism or theocracy. Hence, modern democratic legal systems are designed to be procedurally neutral, relying on constitutional frameworks that protect individual rights while accommodating moral diversity. The tension between morality and legality is also palpable in emerging debates around technology, bioethics, and freedom of expression. Laws often lag behind technological advances, creating grey zones where ethical concerns arise before legal clarity is established. Consider data privacy or artificial intelligence—practices that may be legal today but pose moral quandaries about consent, autonomy, and manipulation. Ultimately, an ideal legal system should neither operate in moral vacuum nor serve as a mere extension of moral absolutism. Instead, it must strike a delicate balance—upholding constitutional values while remaining responsive to the ethical pulse of the time. Citizens, too, bear a responsibility: to not only obey the law but to question it when it stagnates or strays from principles of justice. According to the passage, what risk arises from equating morality with legality in pluralistic societies? Laws will be outdated Citizens will become immoral It may lead to authoritarian imposition of a singular worldview Democracy will flourish Not Answered
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Q.No: 94	Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage : The relationship between morality and legality is neither linear nor synonymous. Though often conflated in everyday discourse, they belong to distinct conceptual realms. Legality refers to conformity with codified rules enforced by the state, whereas morality is guided by principles of right and wrong, which are often subjective and culturally contingent. The divergence between what is legal and what is moral forms one of the most enduring dilemmas in jurisprudence and civil ethics. Laws, by their very nature, are prescriptive and institutionalized, grounded in the need for order, predictability, and enforceability. Yet, legal codes are ultimately constructed within specific historical, political, and social contexts, and thus may reflect prevailing power structures more than universal justice. For instance, colonial laws legalizing racial segregation or past statutes criminalizing homosexuality demonstrate how legality can institutionalize what many later recognize as moral failures. Conversely, acts of civil disobedience—illegal by definition—often draw moral legitimacy from a higher ethical calling. Mahatma Gandhi’s Salt March or Rosa Parks’ defiance on a segregated bus were technically unlawful, yet they served as moral catalysts for transformative legal reform. This underscores a vital point: legality does not always equate to justice, and at times, morality must challenge the law to realign it with evolving human values. However, conflating morality with legality can be equally dangerous. In pluralistic societies, what constitutes “moral” varies widely across cultures, religions, and ideologies. If law were to enforce a singular moral worldview, it would risk descending into authoritarianism or theocracy. Hence, modern democratic legal systems are designed to be procedurally neutral, relying on constitutional frameworks that protect individual rights while accommodating moral diversity. The tension between morality and legality is also palpable in emerging debates around technology, bioethics, and freedom of expression. Laws often lag behind technological advances, creating grey zones where ethical concerns arise before legal clarity is established. Consider data privacy or artificial intelligence—practices that may be legal today but pose moral quandaries about consent, autonomy, and manipulation. Ultimately, an ideal legal system should neither operate in moral vacuum nor serve as a mere extension of moral absolutism. Instead, it must strike a delicate balance—upholding constitutional values while remaining responsive to the ethical pulse of the time. Citizens, too, bear a responsibility: to not only obey the law but to question it when it stagnates or strays from principles of justice. What challenge does the passage highlight in the legal treatment of emerging technologies? Technology reduces legal violations All ethical dilemmas are solved by law Laws often precede moral considerations Ethics arise before legal frameworks are formed
Not Answered	



Q.No: 95 Read the following passage and answer the questions based on the passage :

The relationship between morality and legality is neither linear nor synonymous. Though often conflated in everyday discourse, they belong to distinct conceptual realms. Legality refers to conformity with codified rules enforced by the state, whereas morality is guided by principles of right and wrong, which are often subjective and culturally contingent. The divergence between what is legal and what is moral forms one of the most enduring dilemmas in jurisprudence and civil ethics. Laws, by their very nature, are prescriptive and institutionalized, grounded in the need for order, predictability, and enforceability. Yet, legal codes are ultimately constructed within specific historical, political, and social contexts, and thus may reflect prevailing power structures more than universal justice. For instance, colonial laws legalizing racial segregation or past statutes criminalizing homosexuality demonstrate how legality can institutionalize what many later recognize as moral failures. Conversely, acts of civil disobedience—illegal by definition—often draw moral legitimacy from a higher ethical calling. Mahatma Gandhi's Salt March or Rosa Parks' defiance on a segregated bus were technically unlawful, yet they served as moral catalysts for transformative legal reform. This underscores a vital point: legality does not always equate to justice, and at times, morality must challenge the law to realign it with evolving human values. However, conflating morality with legality can be equally dangerous. In pluralistic societies, what constitutes "moral" varies widely across cultures, religions, and ideologies. If law were to enforce a singular moral worldview, it would risk descending into authoritarianism or theocracy. Hence, modern democratic legal systems are designed to be procedurally neutral, relying on constitutional frameworks that protect individual rights while accommodating moral diversity. The tension between morality and legality is also palpable in emerging debates around technology, bioethics, and freedom of expression. Laws often lag behind technological advances, creating grey zones where ethical concerns arise before legal clarity is established. Consider data privacy or artificial intelligence—practices that may be legal today but pose moral quandaries about consent, autonomy, and manipulation. Ultimately, an ideal legal system should neither operate in moral vacuum nor serve as a mere extension of moral absolutism. Instead, it must strike a delicate balance—upholding constitutional values while remaining responsive to the ethical pulse of the time. Citizens, too, bear a responsibility: to not only obey the law but to question it when it stagnates or strays from principles of justice.

What is the author's ultimate recommendation regarding the interplay of law and morality?

Laws should replace moral reasoning

Citizens must obey all laws blindly

Law and morality should be entirely separate

Law must balance justice with moral responsiveness

Not Answered

Q.No: 96	A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech. He said, "The sun rises in the east."
	He said that the sun rose in the east.
	He said that the sun has risen in the east.
	He said that the sun rises in the east.
	He said that the sun had risen in the east.

Q.No: 97	A sentence is provided in direct speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding indirect speech. She said, "Why didn't you tell me the truth earlier?"
	She asked why I hadn't told her the truth earlier.
	She asked why hadn't I told her the truth earlier.
	She said why I didn't tell her the truth earlier.
	She questioned why did I not tell her the truth.

Q.No: 98	A sentence is provided in indirect speech. From the four given options, choose the one that most accurately conveys the sentence in its corresponding direct speech. The analyst said that were the policies amended earlier, the crisis could have been avoided.
	"If the policies were amended earlier, the crisis could have been avoided," said the analyst.
	"Had the policies been amended earlier, the crisis could have been avoided," said the analyst.
	"If only the policies would be amended. the crisis was avoided." he said.

	"Had we amended the policies, we avoided the crisis," the analyst said.
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Q.No: 99	Rearrange the following sentences to form a coherent paragraph: 1. This process, a crucial part of the water cycle, ensures that freshwater resources are replenished and distributed globally. 2. The sun's energy drives the evaporation of water from oceans, lakes, and rivers. 3. When the moist air cools, it condenses to form clouds, which then release the water back to the Earth as precipitation. 4. The resulting water vapor then rises into the atmosphere, carried by air currents.
	2, 4, 3, 1
	1, 2, 4, 3
	4, 3, 2, 1
	3, 2, 1, 4

Q.No: 100	Rearrange the following sentences in correct order to make a logical passage. 1. This requires strong leadership and teamwork. 2. Organizational change is often met with resistance. 3. Effective communication strategies are essential for a smooth transition. 4. It is a necessary process for growth and adaptation.
	2-1-3-4
	2-3-1-4
	3-4-2-1
	4-2-1-3